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Claims

1. A computer network configured to define and update data structures within a shared computer-generated environment, comprising a plurality of user-computer terminals having display means, storage means, processing means and network connection means, wherein

said storage means stores said data structures and program instructions;

said processing means is configurable by said program instructions to perform the steps of:

equipping a first of said data structures with continuous data at a first of said user-computer terminals;

at a second of said user-computer terminals, predicting said continuous data of said first data structure;

comparing said predicted continuous data with continuous data of a second of said data structures stored at said second user-computer terminals; and

updating said first data structures at said second user-computer terminal in response to said comparison.

- 2. A computer network according to claim 1, wherein said data structures stored in said storage means are known as duplication masters or duplicas or a combination thereof.
- 3. A computer network according to claim 1, wherein said program instructions stored in said storage means include a duplication

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manager.

- 4. A computer network according to claims 1 to 3, wherein said first of said data structures at said first of said user computer terminals is duplicated and stored as a duplica at said second of said user computer terminals.
- **5.** A computer network according to claims **1** to **4**, wherein said first of said data structures stored as a duplica at said second of said user computer terminals is updated by said first of said data structures stored at said first of said user-computer terminals.
- **6.** A computer network according to claim **1**, wherein said continuous data is preferably, but not exclusively nor necessarily, positional data expressed as cartesian co-ordinates within a three-dimensional environment.
- 7. A computer network according to claim 1, wherein said prediction is accomplished according to the protocol of Position History Based Dead Reckoning.
- 8. A computer network according to claim 1, wherein said comparison determines a distance between said first and second of said data structures, also known as relevance.

9. A computer network according to claims 1 and 8, wherein said relevance determines the frequency according to which said first data structure stored as a duplica at said second user-computer terminal is updated.

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10. A computer network according to claim **9**, wherein said updating frequency can be dynamically increased or decreased by means of a quality factor introduced in said comparison as a factor of the available network bandwidth.

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11. A method of updating data structures within a computergenerated environment shared between users connected via computer terminals connected to a network, wherein a user's computer terminal performs the steps of

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equipping a data structure with continuous data; predicting said continuous data of said data structure;

comparing said predicted continuous data with continuous data of a second data structure stored at a second user-computer terminal; and updating said data structure in response to said comparison.

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12. A method according to claim 11, wherein said data structures stored in said storage means are known as duplication masters or duplicas or a combination thereof.

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13. A method according to claim **11**, wherein said program instructions stored in said storage means include a duplication manager.

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- 14. A method according to claims 11 to 13, wherein said first of said data structures at said first of said user computer terminals is duplicated and stored as a duplica at said second of said user computer terminals.
- 15. A method according to claims 11 to 14, wherein said first of said data structures stored as a duplica at said second of said user computer terminals is updated by said first of said data structures stored at said first of said user-computer terminals.
- **16.** A method according to claim **11**, wherein said continuous data is preferably, but not exclusively nor necessarily, positional data expressed as cartesian co-ordinates within a three-dimensional environment.
- 17. A method according to claim 11, wherein said prediction is accomplished according to the protocol of Position History Based Dead Reckoning.
- **18.** A method according to claim **11**, wherein said comparison determines a distance between said first and second of said data structures, also known as relevance.
- 19. A method according to claims 11 and 18, wherein said relevance determines the frequency according to which said first data structure stored as a duplica at said second user-computer terminal is updated.

20. A method according to claim **19**, wherein said updating frequency can be dynamically increased or decreased by means of a quality factor introduced in said comparison as a factor of the available network bandwidth.

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21. A computer-readable medium having computer-readable instructions executable by a computer such that, when executing said instructions, a computer will perform the steps of

equipping a data structure with continuous data;

predicting said continuous data of said data structure;

comparing said predicted continuous data with continuous data of a second data structure stored at a second user-computer terminal; and updating said data structure in response to said comparison.

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22. A computer-readable memory system having computer-readable data stored therein, comprising

one or a plurality of duplicate masters;

one or a plurality of duplicas; and

an application including a duplication manager which requires objects to be shared over a network.

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23. A computer-readable memory system according to claim 22, wherein said program instructions are configured to

equip a data structure with continuous data;

predict said continuous data of said data structure;

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compare said predicted continuous data with continuous data of a second data structure stored at a second user-computer terminal; and update said data structure in response to said comparison.